

Whanganui Welfare Guardian Trust

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WHO ARE WE?

The Welfare Guardian Whanganui Trust is a charitable trust established to:

- recruit
- approve
- train
- support and
- allocate clients to

community volunteers who then apply to be Court-appointed Welfare Guardians for people who lack the capacity to make or communicate decisions for themselves.

WHO IS ON THE TRUST

The Trust has a Board of people who bring various fields of expertise and experience to ensure the Trust's aims are met.

Board members have a background in:

- social work.
- aged care representation,
- family court work,
- mental health and

the law, in particular the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988.

WHO NEEDS A VOLUNTEER WELFARE GUARDIAN?

- Increasing numbers of incapacitated people have no living relatives
- · Some have no local relatives
- Some have relatives who are deemed unsuitable by the Court for a variety of reasons.

WHO DECIDES THAT THE PERSON IS INCAPACITATED AND A WELFARE GUARDIAN IS NEEDED:

To decide to make an appointment a Family Court Judge uses:

- · the application forms and affidavit,
- · a recent medical report and
- the Court appointed lawyer's report.

WHO CAN BE A WELFARE GUARDIAN?

The person the Court appoints must -

- be 20 or older and capable of carrying out a welfare guardian's duties satisfactorily
- be someone who will act in the incapacitated person's best interests, and
- who does not have any conflict of interest with the incapacitated person.

WHAT DOES A WELFARE GUARDIAN DO?

A) Unless a Court Order has limited their role, a Welfare Guardian can make decisions and consent to:

- non-urgent medical procedures
- accommodation and care issues
- any day-to-day matters that affect the care and welfare of the incapacitated person.
- B) The Welfare Guardian must, by law,:
 - act to promote and protect the incapacitated person's welfare and best interests;
 - encourage them to develop and use whatever capacity they do have;
 - encourage them to act on their own behalf wherever possible;

- help them to be, as much as possible, a part of the community;
- consult with them, and with other people the welfare guardian thinks can give competent advice about the person's care and welfare, including any relevant voluntary welfare group;
- consult with the person's property manager, if the Court has appointed one;

NOTE: Welfare Guardians have NO right to make decisions about the person's money or other assets unless specified in a Court Order.

- C) If a Welfare guardian needs guidance in carrying out their role, they can:
 - ask for advice and support from the Trust
 - ask the Family Court to give them directions.

ARE THERE ANY LIMITS ON A WELFARE GUARDIAN'S DECISIONS?

It is illegal for a welfare guardian to-

- make decisions for the incapacitated person about entering or dissolving a marriage/civil union;
- make decisions about the adoption of any of the incapacitated person's children;
- refuse to allow standard medical treatment or an operation that is intended to save their life or prevent serious damage to their health;
- allow the incapacitated person to be given electro-convulsive treatment:
- allow any surgery or other medical treatment that will destroy or change the brain or change the behaviour of the incapacitated person;
- allow the incapacitated person to be part of medical experiment (except one to save the person's life or prevent serious damage to their health).

WHEN DOES THE WELFARE GUARDIAN'S APPOINTMENT COME TO AN END?

- 3 years from the date of the order unless an application for review is made.
- · the incapacitated person dies;
- the welfare guardian dies, becomes bankrupt, is detained in a mental health institution, becomes subject to a property order, or otherwise becomes incapable of being a welfare guardian;
- the Court discharges (cancels) the order when it reviews the order.

HOW DO I BECOME A VOLUNTEER WELFARE GUARDIAN?

- A) To be approved by the Trust the person needs to:
 - complete an application form,
 - complete a satisfactory police check
 - be interviewed
- B) Once approved the volunteer attends a training programme to:
 - gain an understanding of the extent and limitations of the role of a Welfare Guardian
 - learn how to make a Court application and knowledge of the Court Process
 - gain an understanding of issues that might arise during their appointment.

For further information about the Welfare Guardian Trust Whanganui, or becoming a volunteer, contact the Coordinator, Marion Sanson

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- Or write to Whanganui Welfare Guardian Trust, PO Box 351, Whanganui, 4541